Bentinahalli and Rayapura. These Gomal lands, however, are being given out for cultivation on darkhasts. They should be reserved for grazing purposes.

Dewan's reply.—Impracticable (see Subject No. 115 *supra*).

Subject No. 250.

Vimana on Belur Temple.

Summary of discussion.—The favor of early orders for the reconstruction of the Vimana of Kesavadevaru Temple at Belur is solicited by the people.

Dewan's reply.—It is a difficult job and requires much investigation. The Chief Engineer has been instructed on the subject. A parapet wall to keep the eaves stones by weight should at least be done early and the D. P. W. will expedite it.

Subject No. 215.

Magistrate for Act XIII of 1859 in Belur Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—The Amildar of Belur should be invested with powers to dispose of cases of fraudulent breaches of contract under Act XIII of 1859. At present, it is the Amildar of Manjarabad who has jurisdiction over such cases in the Belur Taluk.

Dewan's reply.—This will be done.

Subject No. 252.

Musafarkhana near Banawar Railway Station.

Summary of discussion.—A musafarkhana and a well are very necessary near the Railway Station at Banawar. Without them, travellers are put to much inconvenience, no village being situated near the Station.

Dewan's reply.—Noted.

Subject No. 253.

1. Amaragiri Tirupati near Arsikere.
2. Musafarkhana and temple repairs.

Summary of discussion.—(A) A musafarkhana is required at Amaragiri Tirupati near Arsikere for the use of travellers who visit the temple on the Hill throughout the year, and particularly during the car festival, when they number five or six thousand. The village which had 80 houses at one time, is in ruins since the great Famine, and travellers are put to much inconvenience for want of shelter particularly during the car festival, which falls in the rainy month of Ashâda (July, August).

(B) The temple on the Hill is a sacred temple and is in need of repair.

Dewan's reply.—Noted. The need for repairs for the temple will be attended to in the Muzrai Department.

Subject No. 254.

Tirupati Temple Puduvat and other funds.

Summary of discussion.—(1). Puduvat funds of Tirupati temple and interest due thereon are very much in arrear. They should be ordered to be collected. In old cases, if interest be remitted, it may be possible to collect, at least, the principal. Puduvat funds should be exempted from the Statute of Limitation.

(2). Rupees 1,000 already under the head "Surplus" and Rs. 2,000 now available, should be invested in Government Pro-Notes.

(3). The Jodi lands at one time in the enjoyment of the temple, which have been resumed and granted for cultivation

on full assessment; should be restored to the temple, or the excess of present receipts over the Jodi and quit-rent, should be paid to the temple.

(4). That the Firka Shanbhog should be directed to keep the accounts of the temple as before.

Dewan's reply.—These matters will be enquired into by the Muzrai Superintendent. The surplus will be invested as proposed. As to recovering Puduvat dues barred by the Law of Limitation, the Muzrai Superintendent will issue a circular on the subject, receive what moneys may be forthcoming and for the rest put up a defaulter's list in some conspicuous part of the temple.

Subject No. 255.

Assessed but reserved lands to be given for grazing purposes on full assessment.

Summary of discussion.—Assessed lands are often refused for cultivation because they are reserved as toddy groves required for the Excise Department. These lands and others similarly reserved, because they contain valuable trees of other kinds, should be ordered to be granted for grazing purposes on full assessment, the trees standing thereon being reserved to Government.

Dewan's reply.—Impracticable. Such limited occupancies are inconvenient. Demarcation of lands to be reserved, should be expedited. (See Subject No. 79 *supra.*)

Subject No. 256.

Disrepair of temples under Pujari management.

Summary of discussion.—There are several temples which have no *tasdik* but enjoy Jodi Inam lands. The mamul was for pujaris to repair the temple, perform puja and enjoy the produce of the lands. In some cases, however, the pujari enjoys the lands but performs puja only whenever he pleases and never repairs the temple. They are consequently going to ruin. In such cases, the excess over the requirements for the maintenance of the pujaris, should be saved for three or four years and utilized towards the necessary repairs, or the pujaris should be changed and the Temple and lands transferred to the villagers who will do what is necessary to maintain the temple and worship.

Dewan's reply.—This is very desirable. Where villagers agree, this will be done.

Subject No. 257.

Change of Munsiff's jurisdiction in Channarayapatna Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—The Channarayapatna Taluk is within the jurisdiction of the Munsiff of Holé-Narsipur. Great inconvenience is felt by those who have to go to the Court, as there is no bridge across the Hemavati river. The Taluk should be transferred to the jurisdiction of the Hassan Munsiff's Court, or a new Court should be opened at Kikkeri or other suitable place, allotting to that Court the Taluks of Channarayapatna, Nagamangala and Krishnarajpet. The last two now belong to Seringapatam but are far from it. Even a transfer of the Channarayapatna Taluk to the jurisdiction of the Seringapatam Munsiff, would be preferable to the present arrangement.